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QPA10.. QPA20..

Room air quality sensors

- Maintenance-free CO₂ sensing element (depending on type) based on optical infrared absorption measurement (NDIR¹⁾)
- Or with VOC²⁾ sensing element based on a heated tin dioxide semiconductor
- CO₂ temperature (active or passive) and CO₂ humidity-temperature multisensor
- No recalibrations required
- Operating voltage AC 24 V or DC 15...35 V
- Signal outputs DC 0...10 V or DC 0...5 V or 4...20 mA adjustable
- · Selectable passive temperature sensing element
- 1) NDIR = Non dispersive infrared
- 2) VOC = volatile organic compounds (also called mixed gas)

Use

In ventilation and air conditioning plants to enhance room comfort and optimize energy consumption by providing demand-controlled ventilation. The sensor acquires:

- CO₂ concentrations as an indication of occupancy in rooms where smoking is prohibited.
- VOC concentrations as an indication of odors such as tobacco smoke, body odor, or material fumes in the room.
- Relative humidity in the room.
- Room temperature.
- Sensors QPA10... and QPA20... can be used as a:
- Control sensor.
- Transmitter for building automation and control systems and / or display units (QPA20...D only).

Typical use:

- Acquisition of CO₂ and VOC concentrations: In party rooms, lounges, fair pavilions and exhibition halls, restaurants, canteens, shopping malls, athletic centers, sales rooms, and conference rooms.
- Acquisition of CO₂ concentrations: In rooms with varying occupancy levels where smoking is prohibited, e.g. museums, theaters, movie theaters, auditoriums, office spaces, and school rooms.

Important!

QPA20... sensors may not be deployed as safety devices, e.g. as gas or smoke warning devices!

Type summary

Product number	CO₂ measuring range	VOC time constant	Temperature measuring range	Humidity measuring range	Display of measured value
QPA1000		Slow (R1) Normal (R2) Fast (R3)			
QPA2000	02000 ppm				No
QPA2002	02000 ppm	Slow (R1) Normal (R2) Fast (R3)			No
QPA2002D	02000 ppm	Slow (R1) Normal (R2) Fast (R3)			Yes
QPA2060	02000 ppm		050 °C / -35+35 °C		No
QPA2060D	02000 ppm		050 °C / -35+35 °C		Yes
QPA2062	02000 ppm		050 °C / -35+35 °C	0100 %	No
QPA2062D	02000 ppm		050 °C / -35+35 °C	0100 %	Yes
QPA2080	02000 ppm		Depending on connect- ed sensing element		No
QPA2080D	02000 ppm		Depending on connect- ed sensing element		Yes*

* The passive temperature measured value is not displayed

Ordering

When ordering, please give name and product number, e.g.: Room air quality sensor **QPA2002**

Equipment combinations

All systems and devices capable of processing the following sensor signals: • DC 0...10 V or DC 0...5 V or 4...20 mA passive sensor signals for sensor QPA2080...

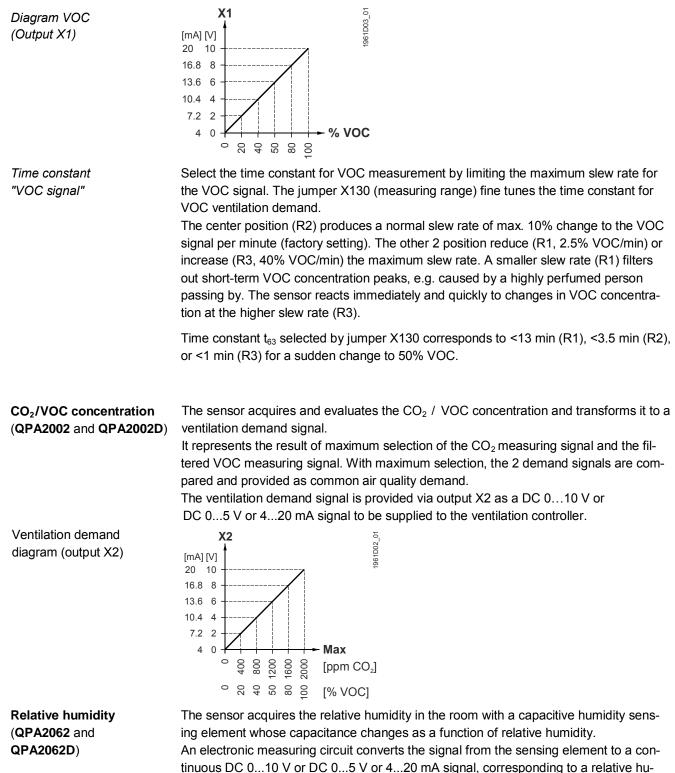
Mode of operation

CO ₂ concentrations	Symaro TM air quality sensors acquire the CO_2 concentration by infrared absorption measurement (NDIR).			
	The resulting output signal DC 010 V or DC 05 V or 420 mA is proportionate to the CO_2 content of ambient air.			
Function diagram CO ₂ (output X1)	X1 [mA] [V] 20 10 16.8 8 13.6 6 10.4 4 7.2 2 4 0 000 000 000 000 000 000 000			

VOC concentration (QPA1000)

Symaro[™] air quality sensors determine the mixed gas concentration (VOC) using metal-oxide semiconductor sensing elements. The sensors measure precisely at all times and with no maintenance and recalibration required thanks to an integrated compensation mechanism, saving service costs.

The sensor provides a DC 0...10 V or DC 0...5 V or 4...20 mA output signal proportionate to the VOC content of the ambient air.



midity range of 0...100 %.

Temperature active (QPA206...)

The sensor acquires the room temperature with a sensing element whose electrical resistance changes as a function of the temperature. The change is converted to an active DC 0...10 V or DC 0...5 V or 4...20 mA output signal ($\cong 0...50$ °C or -35...+35 °C).

Temperature passive (QPA2080...)

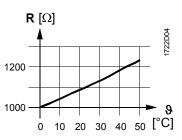
The sensor measures the room temperature using a sensing element where electrical resistance changes with the temperature of the ambient air. The sensing element is on the device's rear side and connected at the appropriate connection terminals. The following sensing elements are included with the device: - LG-Ni1000

- Pt1000
- Pt100
- NTC 10kOhm

Sensing element

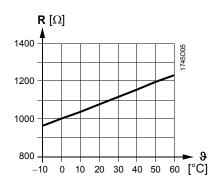
Characteristic curve:



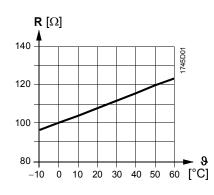


Characteristic curve:



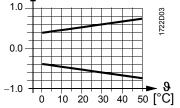


Characteristic curve:

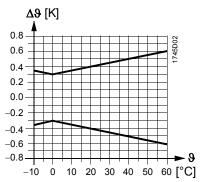


Δ9 [K] ₀_

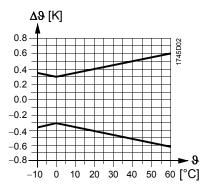
Accuracy:





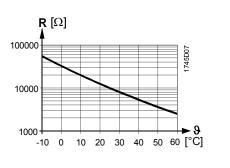


Accuracy:

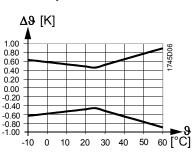


Pt 100 (Kl. B)

Characteristic curve:



Accuracy:



Key

NTC 10k

R Resistance in Ohm θ Temperature in Celsius

Δθ Temperature differential in Kelvin

Mechanical design

The units are designed for wall mounting and can be deployed with most types of commercially available recessed conduit boxes. The cables can be introduced from the rear (concealed wiring), from below or above (surface-run wires) through knockout openings.

The units consist of 2 major sections: Casing and base plate. Both snap together but can be detached again.

The measuring circuit, the sensing elements, and the setting elements are located on a printed circuit board in the unit.

The mounting base carries the connection terminals.

X120 Setting elements... 00 mA-Test 01 4...20 mA 0 0 0 0 0 0 V-Test 00 V-Test **O2** 0...10 V 0...10 V 0...5 V 0...5 V **O**3 X120 Test function active R1 Range 1 X130 X1 Х2 Х3 °F 00 R2 Range 2 000 0 V / 0 V 2.5 V / 5 V 5 V / 10 V X130 4 mA 12 mA 20 mA R3 Range 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 2.5 V / 5 V 5 V / 10 V 0V / 0V Delivery condition 12 mA 20 mA 4 mA 000 Display Temperature unit 5 V / 10 V 20 mA 0 V / 0 V 4 mA 2.5 V / 5 V 12 mA •• •• °C 0 2.5 V / 5 V 2.5 V / 5 V 2.5 V / 5 V 00 12 mA 12 mA 12 mA 1961Z08_en

The setting elements can be accessed after removing the mounting base.

for the measuring range	Meaning of the different jumper positions:		
with QPA2000	 For the CO₂ measuring range: Jumper in the mid position (R2) 	=	02000 ppm (factory setting)
with QPA1000, QPA2002 and QPA2002D	 For VOC: Jumper in the upper position (R1) Jumper in the mid position (R2) 	= =	VOC time constant "slow" VOC time constant "normal" (factory setting)
with QPA206	 Jumper in the lower position (R3) For the temperature measuring range: Jumper in the upper position (R1) 	=	VOC time constant "fast" -35+35 °C

for output for all QPA	- Jumper in the mid position (R2)= $050 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ (factory setting)O1= 420mA O2=DC 010V O3=DC 05V		
for the active test function	Jumper for the measuring range in the vertical position: The signal output delivers the values according to table "Test function active".		
for selection of the temperature unit on the display	 For the unit of temperature: Jumper in the horizontal, lower position = °C (factory setting) Jumper in the horizontal, upper position = °F 		
Behavior in the event of fault			
QPA1	 In the event of VOC failure, DC 10 V or 5 V or 20 mA is present at signal output X1 (after 60 seconds). 		
QPA2	 In the event of CO₂ failure, DC 10 V or 5 V or 20 mA is present at signal output X1 (after 60 seconds). 		
QPA2002	 In the event of CO₂ or VOC failure, DC 10 V or 5 V or 20 mA is present at signal output X2 (after 60 seconds). 		
QPA2060 and QPA2060D	 If the temperature sensor becomes faulty, 0 V or 0 mA is present at signal output X2 (after 60 seconds). 		
QPA2062 and QPA2062D	 If the temperature sensor becomes faulty, 0 V or 0 mA is present at signal output X3, and the humidity signal at signal output X2 increases to DC 10 V or 5 V or 20 mA (after 60 seconds). If the humidity sensor becomes faulty, DC 10 V or 5 V or 20 mA is present at signal output X2 (after 60 seconds), and the temperature signal remains active. 		
Display of measured values	 With sensors type QPA2002D, QPA2060D and QPA2062D, the measured values can be read on an LCD. The following measured values are displayed: - CO₂: In ppm - CO₂ + VOC: As a bar chart: 4 bars		
Engineering notes			
	Room sensors with active outputs have a high power loss, which can influence temper- ature measurement. The measuring accuracy is impacted by the following factors: - Prevailing air flow - Wall surface (rough, smooth) - Wall texture (wood, plaster, concrete, brick) - Wall texture (wood, plaster, concrete, brick) - Wall type (interior, exterior). This application-specific measuring inaccuracy is constant for an installed sensor after approx. 1 operating hour, and it can be adjusted as needed in a higher system (e.g. controller). No correction on the local LCD. The sensor must be powered by a transformer for safety extra low-voltage (SELV) with separate windings, suited for 100 % duty. Size and fuse it in compliance with local safe- ty regulations. When sizing the transformer, consider the power consumption of the sensor. For infor- mation about wiring, see the data sheets of the devices with which the sensor is used. Observe maximum permissible cable lengths.		
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Cable routing and cable selection	When laying the cables, remember that electrical interference is greater the longer the cables run parallel and the smaller the distance between them. On applications with EMC problems, use shielded cables. For secondary power lines and signal lines, use twisted-pair cables.
Mounting notes	
Mounting location	Inner wall of the room to be ventilated, not in niches, not behind curtains, not above or near heat sources, and not exposed to direct light from spot lights. Do not expose the sensor to direct solar radiation. Seal the end of the conduit at the sensor to prevent false measurements due to drafts through the conduit.
Mounting instructions	Mounting instructions are enclosed in the package.
Commissioning notes	
	 The sensor's functions can be checked 30 minutes after applying power: Checking the CO₂ function: In well ventilated rooms, the sensor shows the CO₂ concentration of the outside air. This is typically 360 ppm (the sensor's measuring accuracy must be considered). Also, a basic functional check can be made by exhaling on the sensor. In this case, remember that the sensor's rate of response is purposely delayed (time constant t₆₃ = 5 min). Checking the VOC function: Touch the sensor with a cotton ball dowsed in alcohol (e.g. gas from a cigarette lighter, without lighting a flame). Ventilation should start when the preset switching level of the connected controller is reached. After applying power to the types of sensor with display, Init appears for about 6 seconds.
Disposal	
	The device is considered electrical and electronic equipment for disposal in terms

- of the applicable European Directive and may not be disposed of as domestic garbage.
- Dispose of the device via the channels provided for this purpose.
- Comply with all local and currently applicable laws and regulations.

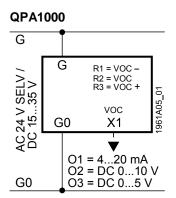
Technical data

Power supply	Operating voltage	AC 24 V ±20 % oder DC1535 V (SEL		
		or AC/DC 24 V class 2 (US)		
	Frequency	50/60 Hz at AC 24 V		
	External supply line protection (EU)	Fuse slow max. 10 A or		
		Circuit breaker max. 13 A Characteristic B, C, D according to or		
		Power source with current limitation of max. 10 A		
	Power consumption	At "U" output signal "I" output signal		
	QPA1000	Max. <1.6 VA Max. <3.5 VA		
	QPA2000, QPA 2080, QPA2080D, QPA2060, QPA2060D	Max. <0.9 VA Max. <3.2 VA		
	QPA2002, QPA2002D	Max. <1.8 VA Max. <3.9 VA		
	QPA2062, QPA2062D	Max. <0.9 VA Max. <3.4 VA		
Cable lengths for measuring signal	Perm. cable lengths	See data sheet of the device handling the signal		
Functional data "CO ₂ "	Measuring range	02000 ppm		
	Measuring accuracy at 23 °C and 1013 hPa	$\leq \pm$ (50 ppm + 2 % of measured value)		
	Temperature dependency in the range of -545 °C	±2 ppm / °C (typically)		
	Long-time drift	≤±5% of measuring range / 5 years (typi- cally)		
	Time constant t ₆₃	<5 min		
	Output signal, linear (terminal X1)	DC 010 V or DC 05 V ≙ 02000 ppm, max. ±1 mA 420 mA ≙ 02000 ppm, max. 500 Ohm		
	Recalibration-free			
		8 years		
Functional data "VOC"	Measuring range	0100% VOC		
	Time constant t ₆₃ VOC (CO ₂ see above) Output signal, linear (terminal X1)	<13 min (R1), <3.5 min (R2), <1 min (R3) DC 010 V or DC 05 V ≙ 0100%,		
		max. ±1 mA		
		420 mA ≙ 0100 %, max. 500 Ohm		
Functional data "Maximum selection from CO ₂ and VOC" for QPA2002 and QPA2002D	Output signal, linear (terminal X2)	DC 010 V or DC 05 V		
		420 mA \triangleq max. von 02000 ppm CO ₂ oder 0100 % VOC, max. 500 Ohm		
Functional data "Rel. Humidity"	Range of use	095 % r.h. (non-condensing)		
for QPA2062 and QPA2062D	Measuring range	0100 % r.h.		
	Measuring accuracy at 23 °C and DC 24 V 095 % r.h.	±5 % r.h.		
	3070 % r.h.	±3 % r.h. (typically)		
	Temperature dependency	≤0.1 % r.h./°C		
	Time constant	approx. 20 s		
	Output signal, linear (terminal X2)	DC 010 V or DC 05 V		
		420 mA ≙ 0100 % r.F., max. 500 Ohm		
Functional data "Temperature"	Measuring range	050 °C (R2) or -35+35 °C (R1)		
with QPA206	Measuring accuracy at DC 24 V in the range of 23 °C	±0.3 K at "U" output signal (typically)		
	1535 °C	±0.4 K at "I" output signal (typically) ±0.8 K		
	-35+50 °C	±1 K		
unctional data "Tomporatura"	Time constant t ₆₃	8.5 min		
unctional data "Temperature" vith QPA208	Sensing range	See "Mode of operation"		
	Measuring accuracy	See "Mode of operation"		
	Time constant t ₆₃	8.5 min		
	Correction Intrinsic heat	1.4 K for "U" output signal (typically) 1.82.6 K for "I" output signal"		
	Output signal (terminal B, M)	Passive		
Display of measured value	With QPA2002D, QPA2060D, QPA2062D, QPA2080D	LCD		
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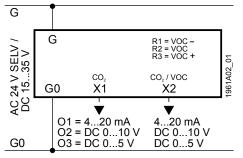
Siemens **Building Technologies**

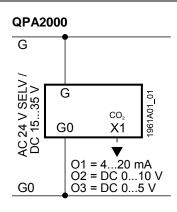
Degree of protection	Protection degree of housing	IP30 according to EN 60529		
	Protection class	III according to EN 60730-1		
Electrical connections	Screw terminals for	$1 \times 2.5 \text{ mm}^2 \text{ or } 2 \times 1.5 \text{ mm}^2$		
Environmental conditions	Operation to	IEC 60721-3-3		
	Climatic conditions	Class 3K3		
	Temperature (housing incl. electronics)	050 °C		
	Humidity	095 % r.h. (non-condensing)		
	Mechanical conditions	class 3M2		
	Transport to	IEC 60721-3-2		
	Climatic conditions	Class 2K3		
	Temperature	−25+70 °C		
	Humidity	<95 % r.h.		
	Mechanical conditions	Class 2M2		
Materials and colors	Cover	ASA + PC, NCS S 0502-G (white)		
		equates to RAL9010		
	Housing	ASA + PC, NCS 2801-Y43R (grey)		
		equates to RAL7035		
	Mounting plate	PC, NCS 2801-Y43R (grey)		
		equates to RAL7035		
	Sensor (complete)	Silicone-free		
	Packaging	Corrugated cardboard		
Directives and Standards	Product standard EN 60730-1	Automatic electrical controls for household and similar use		
	Electromagnetic compatibility (Applications)	For use in residential, commerce, light- industrial and industrial environments		
	EU Conformity (CE)	CE1T1961xx*)		
	RCM Conformity	CE1T1961en_C1 *)		
	UL	UL 873, http://ul.com/database		
Environmental compatibility	The product environmental declaration CE1E1961 ^{*)} contains data on environmentally compatible prod- uct design and assessments (RoHS compliance, materials composition, packaging, environmental benefit, disposal).			
Weight	Incl. packaging			
-	Without display	Approx. 0.10 kg		
	With display	Approx. 0.12 kg		
	ppm = parts per million (number of parts per one million parts)			
	*) The documents can be downloaded from http://siemens.com/bt/download .			

Connection terminals

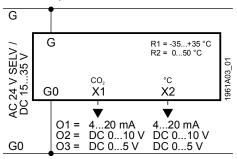


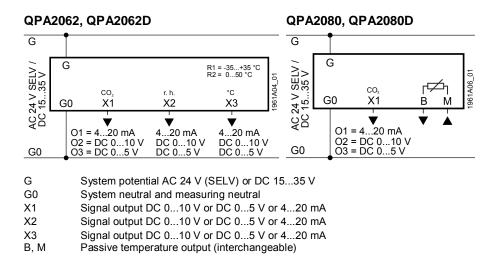
QPA2002, QPA2002D



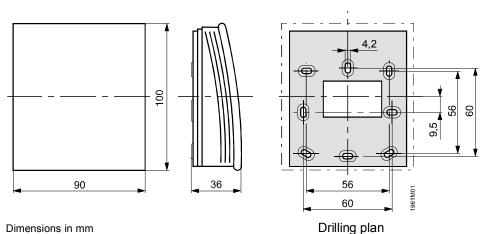


QPA2060, QPA2060D





Dimensions



Dimensions in mm

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